§ 868.5710

subpart E of part 807 of this chapter subject to §868.9.

[47 FR 31142, July 16, 1982, as amended at 65 FR 2313, Jan. 14, 2000]

§868.5710 Electrically powered oxygen tent.

- (a) *Identification*. An electrically powered oxygen tent is a device that encloses a patient's head and, by means of an electrically powered unit, administers breathing oxygen and controls the temperature and humidity of the breathing gases. This generic type device includes the pediatric aerosol tent.
- (b) Classification. Class II (performance standards).

§868.5720 Bronchial tube.

- (a) *Identification*. A bronchial tube is a device used to differentially intubate a patient's bronchus (one of the two main branches of the trachea leading directly to the lung) in order to isolate a portion of lung distal to the tube.
- (b) Classification. Class II (performance standards).

§ 868.5730 Tracheal tube.

- (a) *Identification*. A tracheal tube is a device inserted into a patient's trachea via the nose or mouth and used to maintain an open airway.
- (b) Classification. Class II (performance standards).

§ 868.5740 Tracheal/bronchial differential ventilation tube.

- (a) *Identification*. A tracheal/bronchial differential ventilation tube is a device used to isolate the left or the right lung of a patient for anesthesia or pulmonary function testing.
- (b) Classification. Class II (performance standards).

\$868.5750 Inflatable tracheal tube cuff.

- (a) *Identification*. An inflatable tracheal tube cuff is a device used to provide an airtight seal between a tracheal tube and a patient's trachea.
- (b) Classification. Class II (performance standards).

§868.5760 Cuff spreader.

(a) *Identification*. A cuff spreader is a device used to install tracheal tube

cuffs on tracheal or tracheostomy tubes.

(b) Classification. Class I (general controls). The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter subject to the limitations in §868.9. If the device is not labeled or otherwise represented as sterile, it is exempt from the current good manufacturing practice requirements of the quality system regulation in part 820 of this chapter, with the exception of §820.180, with respect to general requirements concerning records, and §820.198, with respect to complaint files.

[47 FR 31142, July 16, 1982, as amended at 54 FR 25048, June 12, 1989; 66 FR 38795, July 25, 2001]

§868.5770 Tracheal tube fixation device.

- (a) *Identification*. A tracheal tube fixation device is a device used to hold a tracheal tube in place, usually by means of straps or pinch rings.
- (b) Classification. Class I (general controls). The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter subject to the limitations in §868.9.

[47 FR 31142, July 16, 1982, as amended at 61 FR 1120, Jan. 16, 1996; 66 FR 38795, July 25, 2001]

§868.5780 Tube introduction forceps.

- (a) *Identification*. Tube introduction forceps (e.g., Magill forceps) are a right-angled device used to grasp a tracheal tube and place it in a patient's trachea.
- (b) Classification. Class I (general controls). The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter subject to the limitations in §868.9.

[47 FR 31142, July 16, 1982, as amended at 61 FR 1120, Jan. 16, 1996; 66 FR 38795, July 25, 2001]

§868.5790 Tracheal tube stylet.

- (a) *Identification*. A tracheal tube stylet is a device used temporarily to make rigid a flexible tracheal tube to aid its insertion into a patient.
- (b) Classification. Class I (general controls). The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in

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subpart E of part 807 of this chapter subject to the limitations in §868.9.

[47 FR 31142, July 16, 1982, as amended at 61 FR 1120, Jan. 16, 1996; 66 FR 38795, July 25, 2001]

§ 868.5795 Tracheal tube cleaning brush.

- (a) *Identification*. A tracheal tube cleaning brush is a device consisting of a brush with plastic bristles intended to clean tracheal cannula devices after their removal from patients.
- (b) Classification. Class I (general controls). The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter subject to the limitations in §868.9. If the device is not labeled or otherwise represented as sterile, it is exempt from the current good manufacturing practice requirements of the quality system regulation in part 820 of this chapter, with the exception of §820.180, with respect to general requirements concerning records, and §820.198, with respect to complaint files.

[51 FR 40388, Nov. 6, 1986, as amended at 66 FR 38795, July 25, 2001]

§ 868.5800 Tracheostomy tube and tube

- (a) Identification. A tracheostomy tube and tube cuff is a device intended to be placed into a surgical opening of the trachea to facilitate ventilation to the lungs. The cuff may be a separate or integral part of the tracheostomy tube and is, when inflated, intended to establish a seal between the tracheal wall and the tracheostomy tube. The cuff is used to prevent the patient's aspiration of substances, such as blood or vomit, or to provide a means for positive-pressure ventilation of the patient. This device is made of either stainless steel or plastic.
 - (b) Classification. Class II.

[51 FR 40389, Nov. 6, 1986]

§868.5810 Airway connector.

- (a) *Identification*. An airway connector is a device intended to connect a breathing gas source to a tracheal tube, tracheostomy tube, or mask.
- (b) Classification. Class I (general controls). The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in

subpart E of part 807 of this chapter subject to the limitations in §868.9.

[47 FR 31142, July 16, 1982, as amended at 61 FR 1120, Jan. 16, 1996; 66 FR 38795, July 25, 2001]

§868.5820 Dental protector.

- (a) *Identification*. A dental protector is a device intended to protect a patient's teeth during manipulative procedures within a patient's oral cavity.
- (b) Classification. Class I (general controls). The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter subject to the limitations in §868.9.

[47 FR 31142, July 16, 1982, as amended at 61 FR 1120, Jan. 16, 1996; 66 FR 38795, July 25, 2001]

§868.5830 Autotransfusion apparatus.

- (a) *Identification*. An autotransfusion apparatus is a device used to collect and reinfuse the blood lost by a patient due to surgery or trauma.
- (b) Classification. Class II (performance standards).

§868.5860 Pressure tubing and accessories.

- (a) *Identification*. Pressure tubing and accessories are flexible or rigid devices intended to deliver pressurized medical gases.
- (b) Classification. Class I (general controls). The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter subject to the limitations in §868.9.

[47 FR 31142, July 16, 1982, as amended at 61 FR 1120, Jan. 16, 1996; 66 FR 38796, July 25, 2001]

§868.5870 Nonrebreathing valve.

- (a) *Identification*. A nonrebreathing valve is a one-way valve that directs breathing gas flow to the patient and vents exhaled gases into the atmosphere.
- (b) Classification. Class II (performance standards).

§868.5880 Anesthetic vaporizer.

(a) *Identification*. An anesthetic vaporizer is a device used to vaporize liquid anesthetic and deliver a controlled amount of the vapor to the patient.